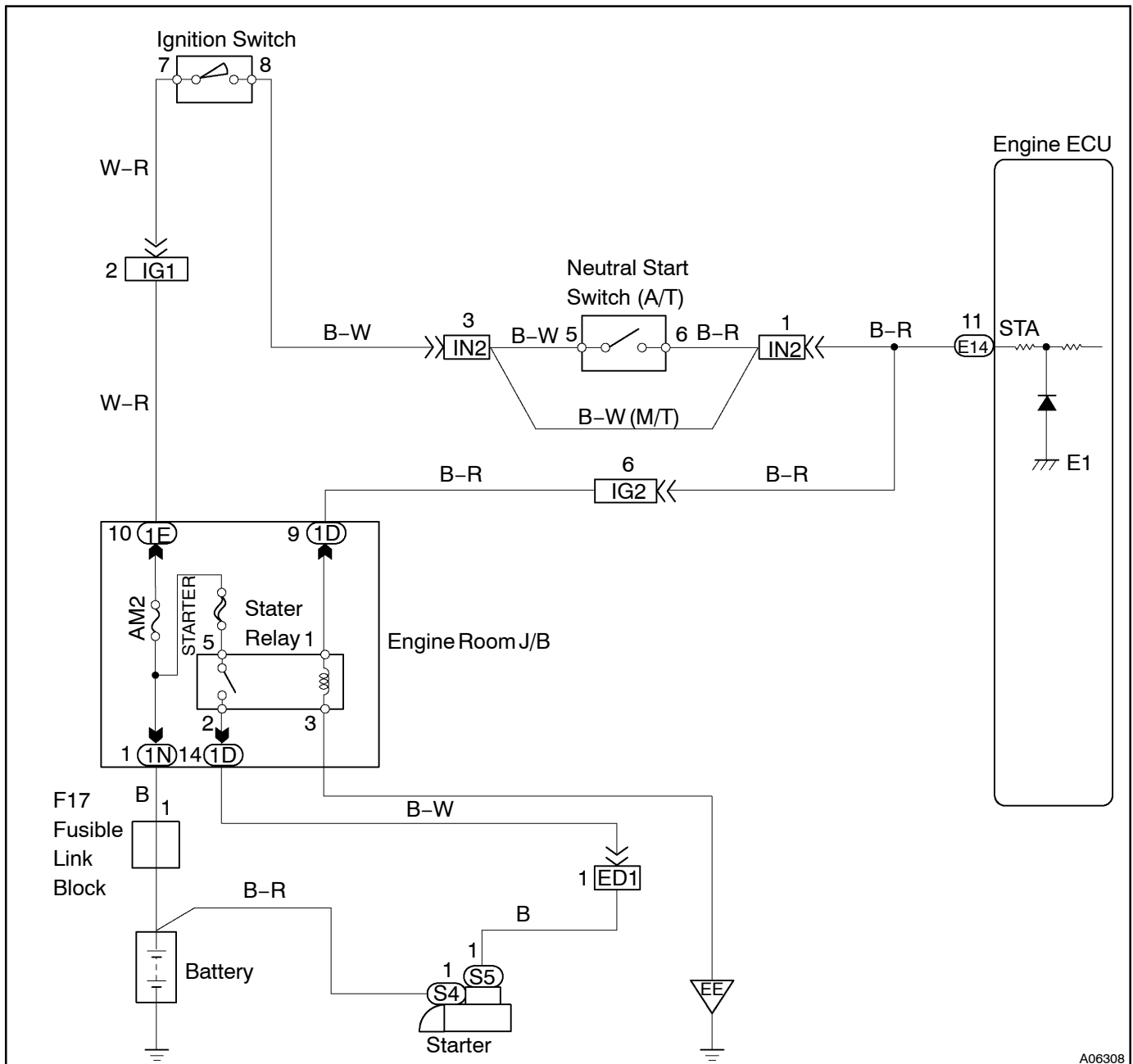


Starter Signal Circuit

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

When the engine is cranked, the intake air flow is slow, so fuel vaporization is poor. A rich mixture is therefore necessary in order to achieve good startability. While the engine is being cranked, the battery voltage is applied to terminal STA of the engine ECU. The starter signal is mainly used to increase the fuel injection volume for the starting injection control and after -start injection control.

WIRING DIAGRAM



A06308

INSPECTION PROCEDURE

HINT:

This diagnostic chart is based on the premise that engine is cranked normally. If the engine is not cranked, proceed to the problem symptoms table ([See page DI-21](#)).

1 Check the starter signal.

Using hand-held tester:

PREPARATION:

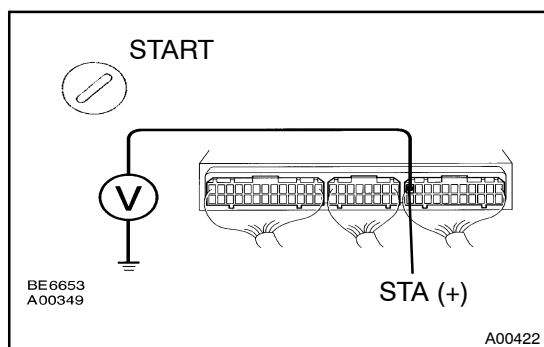
- (a) Connect the hand-held tester to the DLC3.
- (b) Turn the ignition switch ON and hand-held tester main switch ON.

CHECK:

Read the starter signal on the hand-held tester during cranking.

OK:

Starter signal: ON



When not using hand-held tester:

PREPARATION:

Remove the glove compartment door.

CHECK:

Measure voltage between terminal STA of engine ECU connector and body ground during cranking.

OK:

Voltage: 6.0 V or more

OK

Proceed to next circuit inspection shown on problem symptoms table ([See page DI-21](#)).

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2 Check for open in harness and connector between engine ECU and starter relay ([See page IN-19](#)).

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Repair or replace harness or connector.

OK

Check and replace engine ECU ([See page IN-19](#)).